Listing of Claims

What is claimed is:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of producing hydrogen comprising:

 reacting a first portion of particles of a hydride with water to produce heat in a

 first reaction and reacting, in the solid-state, a mixture of a second portion of particles of said

 hydride and particles of a hydroxide in a second reaction, by transferring said heat thereto, the

 hydride comprising lithium-containing cations and the hydroxide comprising lithium-containing

 cations.
- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said second reaction produces hydrogen.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said first reaction produces at least a portion of said hydroxide.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said second reaction commences while said first reaction is occurring.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said second reaction is exothermic.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said second reaction producing hydrogen is endothermic.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said water is added to said hydride.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein said amount of heat generated is greater than or equal to an activation energy of said second reaction.

- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8 wherein said second reaction proceeds to substantial completion and said second portion of hydride is substantially consumed in said second reaction.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydride is represented by the formula: MI^xH_x, where MI represents <u>Li or Li and an additional element or radical one or more cationic species other than hydrogen</u> and x represents an average valence state of MI.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydroxide is represented by the formula: MII^y(OH)_y, where MII represents <u>Li or Li and an additional element</u> or radical one or more cationic species other than hydrogen and y represents an average valence state of MII.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said hydride is represented by MI^xH_x and said hydroxide is represented by MII^y(OH)_y, where MI and MII respectively represent Li or Li and an additional element or radical one or more cationic species other than hydrogen, and x and y represent average valence states of MI and MII, respectively.

13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of <u>claim 12</u> <u>claim 1</u> wherein MI and MII comprise one or more of the same cationic species.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of <u>claim 12 elaim 1</u> wherein MI or MII is a complex cationic species comprising two distinct cationic species.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10 claim 1 wherein MI represents Li and an additional element or radical is selected from the group consisting of CH₃, Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, Tl, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of <u>claim 11 elaim 1</u> wherein MII <u>represents Li</u> and an additional element or radical is selected from the group consisting of CH₃, C₂H₅, C₃H₇, Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, Tl, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12 wherein MI and MII are each elements independently Li or Li and an additional element or radical selected from the group consisting of Al, B, Be, Ca, K, Li, Mg, Na, Sr, Ti, and mixtures thereof.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12 wherein said hydroxide further comprises: MII^y(OH)_y·wH₂O, where MII represents said one or more cationic species other than hydrogen, y represents an average valence state of MII, and w represents a stoichiometric amount of hydrated water.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydroxide is represented by the formula: MII^y(OH)_y·wH₂O, where MII represents <u>Li or Li and an additional</u> <u>element or radical said one or more cationic species other than hydrogen</u>, y represents an average valence state of MII, and w represents a stoichiometric amount of hydrated water.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said hydride is represented by MI^xH_x and said hydroxide is represented by MII^y(OH)_y·wH₂O, where <u>MI and MII respectively represent represents Li or Li and an additional element or radical said one or more eationic species other than hydrogen, x and y represent represents an average valence state of <u>MI and MII, respectively</u>, and w represents a stoichiometric amount of hydrated water.</u>
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein MI is <u>Li and an additional</u> <u>element</u> selected from the group consisting of Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, TI, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.

- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein MII is <u>Li and an additional element</u> selected from the group consisting of Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, TI, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein Ml and MII are each represent Li or Li and an additional element elements independently selected from the group consisting of Al, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cs, K, Li, Mg, Na, Rb, Si, Sr, Ti, V and mixtures thereof.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein Ml and MII are each represent Li or Li and an additional element elements independently selected from the group consisting of Al, B, Be, Ca, K, Li, Mg, Na, Sr, Ti, and mixtures thereof.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydride is selected from the group consisting of: lithium hydride (LiH), sodium hydride (NaH), potassium hydride (KH), beryllium hydride (BeH₂), magnesium hydride (MgH₂), calcium hydride (CaH₂), strontium hydride (SrH₂), titanium hydride (TiH₂), aluminum hydride (AIH₃), boron hydride (BH₃), lithium borohydride (LiBH₄), sodium borohydride (NaBH₄), magnesium borohydride (Mg(BH₄)₂), calcium borohydride (Ca(BH₄)₂), lithium alanate (LiAlH₄), sodium alanate (NaAlH₄), magnesium alanate (Mg(AlH₄)₂), calcium alanate (Ca(AlH₄)₂), and mixtures thereof.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydroxide is lithium hydroxide selected from the group consisting of: composition is selected from the group consisting of: lithium hydroxide (LiOH), sodium hydroxide (NaOH), potassium hydroxide (KOH), beryllium hydroxide (Be(OH)₂), magnesium hydroxide (Mg(OH)₂), calcium hydroxide (Ca(OH)₂), strontium hydroxide (Sr(OH)₂), titanium hydroxide (Ti(OH)₂), aluminum hydroxide (AI(OH)₃), boron hydroxide (B(OH)₃) and mixtures thereof.
- 28. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said hydride comprises LiH and said hydroxide comprises LiOH.

29. (Original) The method according to claim 28 wherein said second reaction proceeds according to a reaction mechanism of LiH + LiOH \rightarrow Li₂O + H₂.

30-47. (Canceled)

- 48. (Original) The method according to claim 1 where said hydride comprises LiBH₄ and said hydroxide comprises LiOH.
- 49. (Original) The method according to claim 48 where said second reaction proceeds according to a reaction mechanism of LiBH₄ + 4 LiOH \rightarrow LiBO₂ + 2 Li₂O + 4H₂.

50-53. (Canceled)

- 54. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein at least a portion of said water is provided in the form of a hydrated hydroxide compound.
- 55. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 54 wherein said hydrated hydroxide compound is selected from the group consisting of: hydrated lithium hydroxide (LiOH·H₂O), hydrated sodium hydroxide (NaOH·H₂O), hydrated potassium hydroxide (KOH·H₂O), hydrated barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)₂·3H₂O), hydrated barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)₂·3H₂O), hydrated barium hydroxide (LiAl₂(OH)₇·2H₂O), hydrated magnesium aluminum hydride (Mg₆Al₂(OH)₁₈·4H₂O), and mixtures thereof.

56. (Canceled)

57. (Original) The method according to claim 54 wherein said hydride comprises LiH and said hydroxide comprises LiOH·H₂O.

58-60. (Canceled)

- 61. (Original) The method according to claim 54 wherein said hydride comprises LiBH₄ and said hydroxide comprises LiOH·H₂O.
 - 62. (Canceled)
- 63. (Original) The method according to claim 54 where in said hydroxide comprises a non-hydrated hydroxide compound and a hydrated hydroxide compound.
- 64. (Original) The method according to claim 63 where said hydride comprises LiBH₄ and said hydroxide comprises LiOH and LiOH·H₂O.
- 65. (Original) The method according to claim 63 where said reaction proceeds according to a reaction mechanism of LiBH₄ + LiOH + LiOH·H₂O \rightarrow Li₃BO₃ + 2 Li₂O + 4H₂.
- 66. (Original) The method according to claim 63 where said reaction proceeds according to a reaction mechanism of 2 LiBH₄ + LiOH + 2 LiOH·H₂O \rightarrow Li₄B₂O₅ + LiH + 7 H₂.
- 67. (Currently Amended) A method of producing hydrogen comprising: generating heat in a first reaction by reacting water with a portion of particles of a hydride present in a first material composition, wherein said heat is used in a second reaction; and

reacting in the solid-state another portion of particles of said hydride present in said first material composition which are mixed with particles of a hydroxide present in a second material composition in said second reaction, thereby forming hydrogen gas and a byproduct composition comprising an oxide, the portion of hydride particles participating in the first reaction being in contact with the other portion of hydride particles and the hydroxide particles to provide said heat for the second reaction, the hydride comprising a lithium-containing cation and the hydroxide comprising a lithium-containing cation.

68. (Original) The method according to claim 67 wherein said second reaction commences while said first reaction is occurring.

- 69. (Original) The method according to claim 67 wherein said heat provides an activation energy sufficient to commence said second reaction.
- 70. (Original) The method according to claim 67 wherein said second reaction is exothermic.
- 71. (Original) The method according to claim 67 wherein said second reaction is endothermic.
- 72. (Currently Amended) A hydrogen storage composition having a hydrogenated state and a dehydrogenated state:
- (a) in said hydrogenated state, said composition comprises a mixture of particles of a hydride and a hydrated hydroxide, the quantity of the hydride being sufficient to react with the water content and hydroxide content of the hydrated hydroxide for a solid-state reaction to produce hydrogen gas and an oxide, the hydride comprising a lithium-containing cation; and
 - (b) in said dehydrogenated state, said composition comprises the oxide.
- 73. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride is represented by the formula MI^xH_x, where MI represents <u>Li or Li and an additional element or radical</u> one or more cationic species other than hydrogen, and x is an average valence state of MI.
- 74. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydrated hydroxide is represented by the formula MII^y(OH)_y·wH₂O, where MII represents <u>Li or Li and an additional element or radical one or more cationic species other than hydrogen</u>, y is an average valence state of MII, and w represents the stoichiometric ratio of water in said hydrated hydroxide.
- 75. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride is represented by MI^xH_x and said hydrated hydroxide is represented by $MII^y(OH)_y$ where

MI and MII respectively represent <u>Li or Li and an additional element or radical said one or more cationic species other than hydrogen</u>, x and y represent average valence states of MI and MII, respectively, and w represents the stoichiometric ratio of water in said hydrated hydroxide.

- 76. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride is represented by MII^xH_x and said hydrated hydroxide is represented by MII^y(OH)_y wH₂O, where MII represents <u>lithium and an additional element or radical</u> said one or more cationic species other than hydrogen, y represents an average valence state of MII, and w represents a stoichiometric amount of hydrated water.
- 77. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 76 wherein MI represents <u>Li or</u> <u>Li and one or more elements</u> is selected from the group consisting of Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, TI, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.
- 78. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 76 wherein MII represents <u>Li or Li and one or more elements</u> is selected from the group consisting of Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Ce, Cs, Cu, Eu, Fe, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Hg, In, K, La, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pr, Rb, Sb, Sc, Se, Si, Sm, Sn, Sr, Th, Ti, TI, V, W, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, and mixtures thereof.
- 79. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 76 wherein Ml and MII are each Li or Li and one or more elements independently selected from the group consisting of Al, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cs, K, Li, Mg, Na, Rb, Si, Sr, Ti, V and mixtures thereof.
- 80. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 76 wherein Ml and MII are each lithium elements independently selected from the group consisting of Al, B, Be, Ca, K, Li, Mg, Na, Sr, Ti, and mixtures thereof.
- 81. (Currently Amended) The composition according to claim 72 wherein said hydrated hydroxide is selected from the group consisting of: hydrated lithium hydroxide (LiOH·H₂O), hydrated sodium hydroxide (NaOH·H₂O), hydrated potassium hydroxide

(KOH·H₂O), hydrated barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)₂·3H₂O), hydrated barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)₂·H₂O), hydrated lithium aluminum hydroxide (LiAl₂(OH)₇·2H₂O), hydrated magnesium aluminum hydride (Mg₆Al₂(OH)₁₈·4H₂O), and mixtures thereof.

- 82. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride is selected from the group consisting of: lithium hydride (LiH), sodium hydride (NaH), potassium hydride (KH), beryllium hydride (BeH₂), magnesium hydride (MgH₂), calcium hydride (CaH₂), strontium hydride (SrH₂), titanium hydride (TiH₂), aluminum hydride (AIH₃), boron hydride (BH₃), lithium borohydride (LiBH₄), sodium borohydride (NaBH₄), magnesium borohydride (Mg(BH₄)₂), calcium borohydride (Ca(BH₄)₂), lithium alanate (LiAlH₄), sodium alanate (NaAlH₄), magnesium alanate (Mg(AlH₄)₂), calcium alanate (Ca(AlH₄)₂), and mixtures thereof.
 - 83. (Canceled)
- 84. (Original) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride comprises LiH and said hydrated hydroxide comprises LiOH·H₂O.
 - 85-87. (Canceled)
- 88. (Original) The composition of claim 72 wherein said hydride comprises LiBH₄ and said hydrated hydroxide comprises LiOH·H₂O.
 - 89. (Canceled)